Programming with OmpSs-2

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Quick Overview

OmpSs-2 is a programming model composed of a set of directives and library routines that can be used in conjunction with a high-level programming language (such as C, C++ or Fortran) in order to develop concurrent applications. Its name originally comes from two other programming models:

OpenMP and StarSs. The design principles of these two programming models constitute the fundamental ideas used to conceive the OmpSs philosophy.

OmpSs-2 thread-pool execution model differs from the fork-join parallelism implemented in OpenMP.

A **task** is the minimum execution entity that can be managed independently by the runtime scheduler. **Task dependences** let the user annotate the data flow of the program and are used to determine, at runtime, if the parallel execution of two tasks may cause data races.

The reference implementation of OmpSs-2 is based on the **Mercurium** source-to-source compiler and the **Nanos6** runtime library:

- Mercurium source-to-source compiler provides the necessary support for transforming the high-level directives into a parallelized version of the
 application.
- Nanos6 runtime library provides services to manage all the parallelism in the user-application, including task creation, synchronization and data
 movement, as well as support for resource heterogeneity.

Additional information about the OmpSs-2 programming model can be found at:

- OmpSs-2 official website. ?https://pm.bsc.es/ompss-2
- OmpSs-2 specification. https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/spec
- OmpSs-2 user guide. https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/user-guide
- OmpSs-2 examples repository. https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples
- OmpSs-2 manual with examples and exercises. https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/examples/index.html
- Mercurium official website. <u>?Link 1</u>, <u>?Link 2</u>
- Nanos official website. <u>?Link 1</u>, <u>?Link 2</u>

Quick Setup on DEEP System for a Shared-Memory Parallel Application

We highly recommend to interactively log in a **cluster module (CM) node** to begin using OmpSs-2. To request an entire CM node for an interactive session, please execute the following command to use all the 48 available threads:

```
srun -p dp-cn -N 1 -n 1 -c 48 --pty /bin/bash -i
```

Note that the command above is consistent with the actual hardware configuration of the cluster module with hyper-threading enabled.

OmpSs-2 has already been installed on DEEP and can be used by simply executing the following commands:

```
modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Core:$modulepath"
```

 $\verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/skyl$

 $\verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/mPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/stages/2018b/modules/all/mpi/software/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/skylake/stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/skyl$

```
export MODULEPATH="$modulepath:$MODULEPATH"
```

```
module load OmpSs-2
```

Remember that OmpSs-2 uses a **thread-pool** execution model which means that it **permanently uses all the threads** present on the system. Users are strongly encouraged to always check the **system affinity** by running the **NUMA command** srun numactl --show:

```
$ srun numactl --show
policy: default
preferred node: current
physcpubind: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
cpubind: 0 1
nodebind: 0 1
membind: 0 1
```

as well as the Nanos6 command srun nanos6-info --runtime-details | grep List:

```
$ srun nanos6-info --runtime-details | grep List
Initial CPU List 0-47
NUMA Node 0 CPU List 0-35
NUMA Node 1 CPU List 12-47
```

System affinity can be used to specify, for example, the ratio of MPI and OmpSs-2 processes for a hybrid application and can be modified by user request in different ways:

- Via the command srun or salloc. However, if the affinity given by SLURM does not correspond to the resources requested, it should be reported
 to the system administrators.
- Via the command numactl.
- Via the command taskset.

Using the Repositories

All the examples shown here are publicly available at https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples. Users must clone/download each example's repository and then transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

System Configuration

Please refer to section Quick Setup on DEEP System to get a functional version of OmpSs-2 on DEEP. It is also recommended to run OmpSs-2 via an interactive session on a cluster module (CM) node.

Building and Running the Examples

All the examples come with a Makefile already configured to build (e.g. make) and run (e.g. make run) them. You can clean the directory with the command make clean.

Controlling the Available Threads

In order to limit or constraint the available threads for an application, the Unix **taskset** tool can be used to launch applications with a given thread affinity. In order to use taskset, simply precede the application's binary with taskset followed by a list of CPU IDs specifying the desired affinity:

```
taskset -c 0,2-4 ./application
```

The example above will run application with 4 cores: 0, 2, 3, 4.

Creating Dependency Graphs

Nanos6 allows for a graphical representation of data dependencies to be extracted. In order to generate said graph, run the application with the **NANOS6** environment variable set to **graph**:

```
NANOS6=graph ./application
```

By default graph nodes will include the full path of the source code. To remove it, set the following environment variable:

```
NANOS6_GRAPH_SHORTEN_FILENAMES=1
```

The result will be a PDF file with several pages, each representing the graph at a certain point in time. For best results, we suggest to display the PDF with **single page** view, showing a full page and to advance page by page.

Obtaining Statistics

Another equally interesting feature of Nanos6 is obtaining statistics. To do so, simply run the application as:

```
NANOS6=stats ./application or also NANOS6=stats-papi ./application
```

The first collects timing statistics while the second also records hardware counters (compilation with PAPI is needed for the second). By default, the statistics are emitted standard error when the program ends.

Tracing with Extrae

A **trace.sh** file can be used to include all the environment variables needed to get an instrumentation trace of the execution. The content of this file is as follows:

```
#!/bin/bash
export EXTRAE_CONFIG_FILE=extrae.xml
export NANOS6="extrae"
$*
```

Additionally, you will need to change your running script in order to invoke the program through this trace.sh script so that it looks like:

```
./trace.sh ./application
```

Although you can also edit your running script adding all the environment variables related with the instrumentation, it is preferable to use this extra script to easily change between instrumented and non-instrumented executions. When in need to instrument your execution, simply include trace.sh before the program invocation. Note that the **extrae.xml** file, which is used to configure the Extrae library to get a Paraver trace, is also needed.

A Step-By-Step Detailed Guide to Execute the Multisaxpy Benchmark (OmpSs-2)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/multisaxpy and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark runs several SAXPY operations. SAXPY is a combination of scalar multiplication and vector addition (a common operation in computations with vector processors) and constitutes a level 1 operation in the Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms (BLAS) package.

There are 7 implementations of this benchmark.

Execution Instructions

```
./multisaxpy SIZE BLOCK_SIZE INTERATIONS
```

where

- SIZE is the number of elements of the vectors used on the SAXPY operation.
- The SAXPY operation will be applied to the vector in blocks that contains BLOCK_SIZE elements.
- ITERATIONS is the number of times the SAXPY operation is executed.

Downloading, Building and Executing this Benchmark

```
Clone the repository to your local machine:
```

```
git clone https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/multisaxpy
```

and upload it to the /work/cdeep/USERNAME/ directory (which might not exist yet) of the DEEP cluster:

```
scp -r multisaxpy/ USERNAME@deep.fz-juelich.de:~/work/cdeep/USERNAME/
```

Now connect to the DEEP login node:

```
ssh -X USERNAME@deep.fz-juelich.de
```

and from there open the multisaxpy folder:

```
cd /work/cdeep/USERNAME/multisaxpy
```

and request an interactive cluster module (CM) node in order to use all the available 48 threads to run a pure OmpSs-2 application:

```
srun -p dp-cn -N 1 -n 1 -c 48 --pty /bin/bash -i
```

Load the OmpSs-2 module via the following commands:

```
\verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Core:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Core:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/Stages/software/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/skylake/sk
```

 $\verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/Compiler/mpi/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0:\\ \verb|smodulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/skylake/stages/all/software/skylake/skyl$

 $\verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/MPI/intel/2019.0.117-GCC-7.3.0/psmpi/5.2.1-1-mt:\\ \verb|modulepath="/usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/modules/all/mpi/software/skylake/Stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/Stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/Stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/Stages/all/mpi/software/skylake/Stages/all/mpi/software/skylak$

```
export MODULEPATH="$modulepath:$MODULEPATH"
```

```
module load OmpSs-2
```

and check the affinity via the command srun numactly --show which should report the following:

```
$ srun numactly --show
policy: default
preferred node: current
physcpubind: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
cpubind: 0 1
nodebind: 0 1
membind: 0 1
```

Now you should be able to clean, build and execute this benchmark via the command make:

```
$ make clean
rm -f 01.multisaxpy_seq 02.multisaxpy_task_loop 03.multisaxpy_task 04.multisaxpy_task+dep 05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep 06.mu
$ make
mcxx --ompss-2 01.multisaxpy_seq.cpp main.cpp -o 01.multisaxpy_seq -lrt
mcxx --ompss-2 02.multisaxpy_task_loop.cpp main.cpp -o 02.multisaxpy_task_loop -lrt
mcxx --ompss-2 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp main.cpp -o 03.multisaxpy_task -lrt
03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13: info: adding task function 'axpy_task' for device 'smp'
03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:12:3: info: call to task function '::axpy_task'
03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13: info: task function declared here
mcxx --ompss-2 04.multisaxpy_task+dep.cpp main.cpp -o 04.multisaxpy_task+dep -lrt
```

```
04.multisaxpy_task+dep.cpp:3:13: info: adding task function 'axpy_task' for device 'smp'
04.multisaxpy_task+dep.cpp:12:3: info: call to task function '::axpy_task'
04.multisaxpy_task+dep.cpp:3:13: info: task function declared here
mcxx --ompss-2 05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep.cpp main.cpp -o 05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep -lrt
05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep.cpp:3:13: info: adding task function 'axpy_task' for device 'smp'
05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep.cpp:12:3: info: call to task function '::axpy_task'
05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep.cpp:3:13: info: task function declared here
mcxx --ompss-2 06.multisaxpy_task_loop+weakdep.cpp main.cpp -o 06.multisaxpy_task_loop+weakdep -lrt
mcxx --ompss-2 07.multisaxpy_task+reduction.cpp main.cpp -o 07.multisaxpy_task+reduction -lrt
07.multisaxpy_task+reduction.cpp:14:13: info: reduction of variable 'yy' of type 'double [elements]' solved to 'operator +
<openmp-builtin-reductions>:1:1: info: reduction declared here
07.multisaxpy_task+reduction.cpp:21:13: info: reduction of variable 'y' of type 'double [N]' solved to 'operator +'
<openmp-builtin-reductions>:1:1: info: reduction declared here
$ make run
./01.multisaxpy_seq 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 3.30132, performance: 0.508197
NANOS6_SCHEDULER=fifo ./02.multisaxpy_task_loop 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.411888, performance: 4.07325
./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.648536, performance: 2.58694
./04.multisaxpy_task+dep 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 1.04207, performance: 1.60998
./05.multisaxpy_task+weakdep 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 1.09049, performance: 1.5385
NANOS6_SCHEDULER=fifo ./06.multisaxpy_task_loop+weakdep 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 8.91, performance: 0.188296
./07.multisaxpy_task+reduction 16777216 8192 100
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 7.03558, performance: 0.238462
```

Override the Number of Threads Used

Let's have a closer look at the third implementation, i.e. 03.multisaxpy_task, which took 0.648536 seconds to finish using 48 threads. Remember that a full CM node features 48 threads (0-47) divided in two sockets: 0-11,24-35 for the first socket and 12-23,36-47 for the second socket. **Notice that they are indeed not consecutive!**

We can change the threads used by OmpSs-2 with the Linux command taskset. For example, the command to run this binary with 24 threads interleaved between the two sockets would be:

```
taskset -c 0-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100
```

Similarly, to run this benchmark using all the 24 threads of the second socket use the following command:

```
taskset -c 12-23,36-47 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100
```

You can also try to run this example with only 12 threads of the first socket:

```
taskset -c 0-11 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100
```

or 12 threads interleaved between the two sockets:

```
taskset -c 0-5,12-17 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100
```

Changing the number of threads assigned to OmpSs-2 affects the performance of the application and not necessarily in a negative way, e.g. see below:

```
$ ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100

size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.653537, performance: 2.56714

$ taskset -c 0-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100

size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.686265, performance: 2.44471

$ taskset -c 12-23,36-47 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100

size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.650363, performance: 2.57967

$ taskset -c 0-11 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100
```

```
size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.55417, performance: 3.02745

$ taskset -c 0-5,12-17 ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 100

size: 16777216, bs: 8192, iterations: 100, time: 0.705859, performance: 2.37685
```

Creating a Dependency Graph

Let's continue with the same example used above and create a dependency graph using only 12 threads of one socket (e.g. the second), which demonstrated to be the affinity giving the best results. Furthermore, we are not longer interested in running 100 iterations (nor using a large number of elements) for graph purposes and hence only one iteration will suffice to generate a complete graph of this application. Run the following command:

```
NANOS6=graph taskset -c 12-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 196608 8192 1
```

Once it has finished it should have created a script with the name *graph-XXXXX-YYYYYYYYY-script.sh* and a directory *graph-XXXXX-YYYYYYYY-components*. Execute said script by typing the following (note that it requires the tool dot):

```
bash graph-XXXXX-YYYYYYYY-script.sh
```

to merge the intermediate results into a single PDF file which should look like this:

which illustrates 24 tasks executed in parallel using 12 threads.

Obtaining statistics

The visual execution of tasks can be further complemented with statistics. Executing the following command:

```
NANOS6=stats taskset -c 12-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 196608 8192 1
```

will give you the information below:

```
$ NANOS6=stats taskset -c 12-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 196608 8192 1
size: 196608, bs: 8192, iterations: 1, time: 0.000241, performance: 0.815801
STATS
             Total CPUs
                                12
                                2.42573e+07
STATS
             Total time
STATS
             Total threads
                                   12
STATS
             Mean threads per CPU
                                           1
                                            2.08333
STATS
             Mean tasks per thread
STATS
             Mean thread lifetime
                                           3.65355e+09
STATS
             Mean thread running time
                                               100
                                                 0.123268
STATS
             Mean effective parallelism
STATS
                                         25
             All Tasks instances
                                                                               0.885064
STATS
                                                        1445
             All Tasks mean instantiation time
                                                                     ns
STATS
                                                  0
                                                                      0
             All Tasks mean pending time
                                                           ns
                                                                        19.8732
STATS
             All Tasks mean ready time
                                                32446
                                                             ns
STATS
             All Tasks mean execution time
                                                    119605
                                                                  ns
                                                                             73.2582
STATS
             All Tasks mean blocked time
                                                  3702
                                                              ns
                                                                         2.26748
STATS
             All Tasks mean zombie time
                                                 6067
                                                             ns
                                                                        3.71604
STATS
             All Tasks mean lifetime
                                             163265
                                                            ns
STATS
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 instances
                                                                                                  1.75051
                                                                           1251
STATS
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean instantiation time
                                                                                       ns
STATS
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean pending time
                                                                     0
                                                                              ns
                                                                                         0
                                                                   32944
STATS
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean ready time
                                                                                           46.0981
                                                                                ns
STATS
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean execution time
                                                                                               43.4884
                                                                       31079
                                                                                    ns
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean blocked time
                                                                     0
STATS
                                                                              ns
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean zombie time
                                                                    6191
                                                                                           8.66298
STATS
                                                                                ns
             03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean lifetime
STATS
                                                                71465
                                                                              ns
STATS
             main instances
                                    1
                                                   6089
                                                                          0.2573
STATS
             main mean instantiation time
                                                               ns
                                                                                         용
```

```
STATS
             main mean pending time
                                          0
                                                   ns
STATS
            main mean ready time
                                        20505
                                                   ns
                                                               0.866471
STATS
            main mean execution time
                                          2244241
                                                                94.8339
STATS
            main mean blocked time
                                          92553
                                                                 3.91097
                                                                                용
                                                      ns
STATS
            main mean zombie time
                                         3108
                                                     ns
                                                               0.131333
STATS
            main mean lifetime
                                      2366496
                                                     ns
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 instances
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean instantiation time
                                                                               1251
                                                                                          ns
                                                                                                    1.75051
                                                                                                                   왕
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean pending time
                                                                        0
                                                                                           0
STATS
             Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean ready time
                                                                       32944
                                                                                  ns
                                                                                              46.0981
STATS
             Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean execution time
                                                                        31079
                                                                                                  43.4884
STATS
             Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean blocked time
                                                                         0
                                                                                           0
                                                                                                    용
STATS
             Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean zombie time
                                                                        6191
                                                                                  ns
                                                                                              8.66298
STATS
             Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean lifetime
                                                                     71465
                                                                                  ns
STATS
            Phase 1 instances
                                     24
STATS
            Phase 1 mean instantiation time
                                                   1251
                                                                         1.75051
STATS
            Phase 1 mean pending time
                                           0
                                                                0
STATS
            Phase 1 mean ready time
                                           32944
                                                                  46.0981
STATS
            Phase 1 mean execution time
                                            31079
                                                                      43.4884
STATS
            Phase 1 mean blocked time
                                             0
                                                      ns
STATS
            Phase 1 mean zombie time
                                            6191
                                                                  8.66298
STATS
            Phase 1 mean lifetime
                                         71465
STATS
            Phase 1 effective parallelism
                                                 0.165278
```

Additionally, you can get information related to hardware counters via PAPI. For this, firstly load the PAPI module:

module load PAPI/5.6.0

and then execute:

NANOS6=stats-papi taskset -c 12-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 196608 8192 1

to get statistics:

```
$ NANOS6=stats-papi taskset -c 12-23 ./03.multisaxpy_task 196608 8192 1
size: 196608, bs: 8192, iterations: 1, time: 0.000236, performance: 0.833085
STATS
             Total CPUs
                              12
STATS
             Total time
                               3.06985e+07
STATS
             Total threads
                                12
STATS
             Mean threads per CPU
STATS
             Mean tasks per thread
                                          2.08333
STATS
             Mean thread lifetime
                                         2.88807e+09
STATS
             Mean thread running time
                                             100
STATS
             Mean effective parallelism
                                               0.13271
STATS
             All Tasks instances
                                        25
STATS
                                                      2708
                                                                            1.52238
             All Tasks mean instantiation time
STATS
                                                0
             All Tasks mean pending time
                                                         ns
STATS
                                              9032
                                                                    5.07761
             All Tasks mean ready time
                                                          ns
STATS
             All Tasks mean execution time
                                                162959
                                                                          91.6123
STATS
             All Tasks mean blocked time
                                                1105
                                                                      0.621209
                                                            ns
STATS
             All Tasks mean zombie time
                                               2075
                                                           ns
                                                                     1.16652
STATS
             All Tasks mean lifetime
                                            177879
                                                          ns
STATS
             All Tasks Real frequency
                                             0.658047
STATS
             All Tasks Virtual frequency
                                                0.782649
STATS
             All Tasks IPC
                                 1.66625
STATS
             All Tasks L2 data cache miss ratio
                                                       3.203
STATS
             All Tasks Real nsecs
                                        3804026
                                                        nsecs
```

```
STATS
            All Tasks Virtual nsecs
                                          3198406
                                                        nsecs
STATS
            All Tasks Instructions
                                         4171011
                                                       instructions
STATS
            All Tasks Total cycles
                                         2503229
STATS
            All Tasks Instr completed
                                           4171011
STATS
            All Tasks L2D cache accesses
                                             16754
STATS
            All Tasks L2D cache misses
                                             53663
STATS
            All Tasks Reference cycles
                                             2054784
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 instances
                                                                                          4.60435
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean instantiation time
                                                                     2498
                                                                                ns
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean pending time
                                                               0
                                                                     ns
                                                                                0
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean ready time
                                                             8237
                                                                        ns
                                                                                 15.1826
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean execution time
                                                              41452
                                                                                     76.405
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean blocked time
                                                               0
                                                                       ns
                                                                                        8
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean zombie time
                                                              2066
                                                                        ns
                                                                                   3.80808
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean lifetime
                                                           54253
                                                                       ns
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Real frequency
                                                            3.16748
                                                                        GHz
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Virtual frequency
                                                             3.18873
                                                                           GHz
STATS
            STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 L2 data cache miss ratio
                                                                     3.96831
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Real nsecs 755566
                                                                     nsecs
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Virtual nsecs
                                                          750532
                                                                        nsecs
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Instructions
                                                          4139211
                                                                        instructions
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Total cycles
                                                          2393243
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Instr completed
                                                           4139211
                                                              13316
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 L2D cache accesses
                                                              52842
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 L2D cache misses
STATS
            03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Reference cycles
                                                              1964416
STATS
            main instances
STATS
            main mean instantiation time
                                              7755
                                                          ns
                                                                   0.246588
                                        0
            main mean pending time
STATS
                                               ns
                                                          0
STATS
            main mean ready time
                                       28131
                                                 ns
                                                           0.894488
STATS
            main mean execution time
                                        3079121
                                                             97.9076
                                                         ns
STATS
            main mean blocked time
                                        27636
                                                    ns
                                                              0.878749
STATS
            main mean zombie time
                                       2284
                                                   ns
                                                             0.0726249
STATS
            main mean lifetime
                                     3144927
                                                   ns
STATS
            main Real frequency
                                     0.0360792
                                                    GHz
STATS
            main Virtual frequency
                                       0.0449312
STATS
            main IPC 0.289128
STATS
            main L2 data cache miss ratio
                                               0.238802
STATS
            main Real nsecs
                              3048460
                                                nsecs
STATS
            main Virtual nsecs
                                    2447874
STATS
            main Instructions
                                    31800
                                                instructions
STATS
            main Total cycles
                                   109986
STATS
            main Instr completed
                                     31800
STATS
            main L2D cache accesses
STATS
            main L2D cache misses
STATS
            main Reference cycles
                                        90368
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 instances
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean instantiation time
                                                                            2498
                                                                                        ns
                                                                                                 4.60435
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean pending time
                                                                             ns
                                                                                        0
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean ready time
                                                                     8237
                                                                               ns
                                                                                         15.1826
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean execution time
                                                                       41452
                                                                                     ns
                                                                                              76.405
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean blocked time
                                                                      0
                                                                               ns
                                                                                               용
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean zombie time
                                                                     2066
                                                                               ns
                                                                                          3.80808
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 mean lifetime
                                                                   54253
                                                                               ns
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Real frequency
                                                                    3.16748
                                                                                GHz
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Virtual frequency
                                                                      3.18873
                                                                                     GHz
STATS
            Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 IPC
                                                         1.72954
```

STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 L2 data cache miss ratio 3.96831
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Real nsecs 755566 nsecs
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Virtual nsecs 750532 nsecs
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Instructions 4139211 instructions
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Total cycles 2393243
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Instr completed 4139211
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 L2D cache accesses 13316
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 L2D cache misses 52842
STATS	Phase 1 03.multisaxpy_task.cpp:3:13 Reference cycles 1964416
STATS	Phase 1 instances 24
STATS	Phase 1 mean instantiation time 2498 ns 4.60435 %
STATS	Phase 1 mean pending time 0 ns 0 %
STATS	Phase 1 mean ready time 8237 ns 15.1826 %
STATS	Phase 1 mean execution time 41452 ns 76.405 %
STATS	Phase 1 mean blocked time 0 ns 0 %
STATS	Phase 1 mean zombie time 2066 ns 3.80808 %
STATS	Phase 1 mean lifetime 54253 ns
STATS	Phase 1 Real frequency 3.16748 GHz
STATS	Phase 1 Virtual frequency 3.18873 GHz
STATS	Phase 1 IPC 1.72954
STATS	Phase 1 L2 data cache miss ratio 3.96831
STATS	Phase 1 Real nsecs 755566 nsecs
STATS	Phase 1 Virtual nsecs 750532 nsecs
STATS	Phase 1 Instructions 4139211 instructions
STATS	Phase 1 Total cycles 2393243
STATS	Phase 1 Instr completed 4139211
STATS	Phase 1 L2D cache accesses 13316
STATS	Phase 1 L2D cache misses 52842
STATS	Phase 1 Reference cycles 1964416
STATS	Phase 1 effective parallelism 0.217033

Tracing with Extrae

THIS SECTION IS WORK IN PROGRESS, PLEASE IGNORE IT

To get traces of this benchmark using Extrae firstly load the corresponding module:

```
module load Extrae/3.6.1
```

and charge the Extrae environment in your active session:

Then copy a preconfigured extrae.xml file to instrument OmpSs-2 to your current working directory multisaxpy/:

cp /usr/local/software/skylake/Stages/2018b/software/Extrae/3.6.1-ipsmpi-2018b-mt/share/example/OMPSS/extrae.xml

The next step is to create a new file trace.sh:

```
touch trace.sh
```

with the necessary permission to be executed:

```
chmod +x trace.sh
```

and fill it with the following text:

```
#!/bin/bash
export EXTRAE_CONFIG_FILE=extrae.xml
export NANOS6="extrae"
```

\$*

Now execute the benchmark keeping its original size but only 20 iterations with the following command:

taskset -c 12-23 ./trace.sh ./03.multisaxpy_task 16777216 8192 20

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/multisaxpy
- ?https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/examples/local/sphinx/03-fundamentals.html
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AXPY

Dot-product Benchmark (OmpSs-2)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/dot-product and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark runs a dot-product operation. The dot-product (also known as scalar product) is an algebraic operation that takes two equal-length sequences of numbers and returns a single number.

There are 3 implementations of this benchmark.

Execution Instructions

./dot_product SIZE CHUNK_SIZE

where:

- SIZE is the number of elements of the vectors used on the dot-product operation.
- The dot-product operation will be applied to the vector in blocks that contains CHUNK_SIZE elements.

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/dot-product
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dot_product

Mergesort Benchmark (OmpSs-2)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/mergesort and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark is a recursive sorting algorithm based on comparisons.

There are 6 implementations of this benchmark.

Execution Instructions

./mergesort N BLOCK_SIZE

where:

 $\bullet\ \ \ \mbox{$\mathbb{N}$}$ is the number of elements to be sorted. Mandatory for all versions of this benchmark.

BLOCK_SIZE is used to determine the threshold when the task becomes final. If the array size is less or equal than BLOCK_SIZE, the task will become final, so no more tasks will be created inside it. Mandatory for all versions of this benchmark.

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/mergesort
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Merge_sort

Nqueens Benchmark (OmpSs-2)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/nqueens and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark computes, for a NxN chessboard, the number of configurations of placing N chess queens in the chessboard such that none of them is able to attack any other. It is implemented using a branch-and-bound algorithm.

There are 7 implementations of this benchmark.

Execution Instructions

./n-queens N [threshold]

where:

- $\bullet\ \ \ \mbox{$\mathbb{N}$}$ is the chessboard's size. Mandatory for all versions of this benchmark.
- threshold is the number of rows of the chessboard that will generate tasks.

The remaining rows (N - threshold) will not generate tasks and will be executed in serial mode. Mandatory from all versions of this benchmark except from 01 (sequential version) and 02 (fully parallel version).

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/nqueens
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eight_queens_puzzle

Matmul Benchmark (OmpSs-2)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/matmul and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark runs a matrix multiplication operation C = A?B, where A has size N?M, B has size M?P, and the resulting matrix C has size N?P.

There are 3 implementations of this benchmark.

Execution Instructions

./matmul N M P BLOCK_SIZE

where:

- N is the number of rows of the matrix A.
- M is the number of columns of the matrix A and the number of rows of the matrix B.
- P is the number of columns of the matrix B.
- The matrix multiplication operation will be applied in blocks that contains BLOCK_SIZE?BLOCK_SIZE elements.

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/matmul
- ?https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/examples/local/sphinx/02-examples.html
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Matrix_multiplication_algorithm

Cholesky Benchmark (OmpSs-2+MKL)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/cholesky and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark is a decomposition of a Hermitian, positive-definite matrix into the product of a lower triangular matrix and its conjugate transpose. This Cholesky decomposition is carried out with OmpSs-2 using tasks with priorities.

There are 3 implementations of this benchmark.

The code uses the CBLAS and LAPACKE interfaces to both BLAS and LAPACK. By default we try to find MKL, ATLAS and LAPACKE from the MKLROOT, LIBRARY_PATH and C_INCLUDE_PATH environment variables. If you are using an implementation with other linking requirements, please edit the LIBS entry in the makefile accordingly.

The Makefile has three additional rules:

- · run: runs each version one after the other.
- · run-graph: runs the OmpSs-2 versions with the graph instrumentation.
- run-extrae: runs the OmpSs-2 versions with the extrae instrumentation.

For the graph instrumentation, it is recommended to view the resulting PDF in single page mode and to advance through the pages. This will show the actual instantiation and execution of the code. For the extrae instrumentation, extrae must be loaded and available at least through the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable.

Execution Instructions

./cholesky SIZE BLOCK_SIZE

where:

- SIZE is the number of elements per side of the matrix.
- The decomposition is made by blocks of BLOCK_SIZE by BLOCK_SIZE elements.

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/cholesky
- ?https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/examples/02-examples/cholesky-mkl/README.html
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eight_queens_puzzle

Nbody Benchmark (MPI+OmpSs-2+TAMPI)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/nbody and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark represents an N-body simulation to numerically approximate the evolution of a system of bodies in which each body continuously interacts with every other body. A familiar example is an astrophysical simulation in which each body represents a galaxy or an individual star, and the bodies attract each other through the gravitational force.

There are **7 implementations** of this benchmark which are compiled in different binaries by executing the command make. These versions can be blocking, when the particle space is divided into smaller blocks, or non-blocking, when it is not.

The interoperability versions (MPI+OmpSs-2+TAMPI) are compiled only if the environment variable TAMPI_HOME is set to the Task-Aware MPI (TAMPI) library's installation directory.

Execution Instructions

The binaries accept several options. The most relevant options are the number of total particles (-p) and the number of timesteps (-t). More options can be seen with the -h option. An example of execution could be:

```
mpiexec -n 4 -bind-to hwthread:16 ./nbody -t 100 -p 8192
```

in which the application will perform 100 timesteps in 4 MPI processes with 16 hardware threads in each process (used by the OmpSs-2 runtime). The total number of particles will be 8192 so that each process will have 2048 particles (2 blocks per process).

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/nbody
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/N-body_simulation

Heat Benchmark (MPI+OmpSs-2+TAMPI)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/heat and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark uses an iterative Gauss-Seidel method to solve the heat equation, which is a parabolic partial differential equation that describes the distribution of heat (or variation in temperature) in a given region over time. The heat equation is of fundamental importance in a wide range of science fields. In mathematics, it is the parabolic partial differential equation par excellence. In statistics, it is related to the study of the Brownian motion. Also, the diffusion equation is a generic version of the heat equation, and it is related to the study of chemical diffusion processes.

There are 9 implementations of this benchmark which are compiled in different binaries by executing the command make.

The interoperability versions (MPI+OmpSs-2+TAMPI) are compiled only if the environment variable TAMPI_HOME is set to the Task-Aware MPI (TAMPI) library's installation directory.

Execution Instructions

The binaries accept several options. The most relevant options are the size of the matrix in each dimension (-s) and the number of timesteps (-t). More options can be seen with the -h option. An example of execution could be:

```
mpiexec -n 4 -bind-to hwthread:16 ./heat -t 150 -s 8192
```

in which the application will perform 150 timesteps in 4 MPI processes with 16 hardware threads in each process (used by the OmpSs-2 runtime). The size of the matrix in each dimension will be 8192 (8192² elements in total), this means that each process will have 2048x8192 elements (16 blocks per process).

References

- ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/heat
- ?https://pm.bsc.es/ftp/ompss-2/doc/examples/local/sphinx/04-mpi+ompss-2.html
- ?https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heat_equation

Krist Benchmark (OmpSs-2+CUDA)

Users must clone/download this example's repository from ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/krist and transfer it to a DEEP working directory.

Description

This benchmark represents the krist kernel, which is used in crystallography to find the exact shape of a molecule using Rntgen diffraction on single crystals or powders.

There are 2 implementations of this benchmark, krist and krist-unified using regular and unified CUDA memory, repectively.

Execution Instructions

./krist N_A N_R

where:

- N_A is the number of atoms (1000 by default).
- N_R is the umber of reflections (10000 by default).

References

• ?https://pm.bsc.es/gitlab/ompss-2/examples/krist