

Information about the batch system (SLURM)

For the old torque documentation, please see [the old documentation](#).

Please confer /etc/slurm/README.

Overview

Slurm offers interactive and batch jobs (scripts submitted into the system). The relevant commands are `srun` and `sbatch`. The `srun` command can be used to spawn processes (**please do not use `mpiexec`**), both from the frontend and from within a batch script. You can also get a shell on a node to work locally there (e.g. to compile your application natively for a special platform).

Remark about modules

Slurm passes the environment from your job submission session directly to the execution environment. The setup as used with torque therefore doesn't work anymore. Please use

```
# workaround for missing module file
. /etc/profile.d/modules.sh

module purge
module load intel/16.3 parastation/intel1603-e10-5.1.9-1_11_gc11866c_e10 extoll
```

instead.

An introductory example

Suppose you have an mpi executable named `hello_mpi`. There are three ways to start the binary.

From a shell on a node

First, start a shell on a node. You would like to run your mpi task on 4 machines with 2 tasks per machine:

```
niessen@deeph:src/mpi > srun --partition=sdv -N 4 -n 8 --pty /bin/bash -i
niessen@deeper-sdv04:/direct/homec/zdvex/niessen/src/mpi >
```

The environment is transported to the remote shell, no `.profile`, `.bashrc`, ... are sourced (especially not the modules default from `/etc/profile.d/modules.sh`).

Once you get to the compute node, start your application using `srun`. Note that the number of tasks used is the same as specified in the initial `srun` command above (4 nodes with two tasks each):

```
niessen@deeper-sdv04:/direct/homec/zdvex/niessen/src/mpi > srun ./hello_cluster
srun: cluster configuration lacks support for cpu binding
Hello world from process 6 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 7 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 3 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 4 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
Hello world from process 0 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
Hello world from process 2 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 5 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
Hello world from process 1 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
```

You can ignore the warning about the cpu binding. ParaStation will pin you processes.

Running directly from the front ends

You can run the application directly from the frontend, bypassing the shell:

```

niessen@deepl:src/mpi > srun --partition=sdv -N 4 -n 8 ./hello_cluster
Hello world from process 4 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
Hello world from process 6 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 3 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 0 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
Hello world from process 2 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 5 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
Hello world from process 7 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 1 of 8 on deeper-sdv04

```

In this case, it can be useful to create an allocation which you can use for several runs of your job:

```

niessen@deepl:src/mpi > salloc --partition=sdv -N 4 -n 8
salloc: Granted job allocation 955
niessen@deepl:~/src/mpi>srun ./hello_cluster
Hello world from process 3 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 1 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
Hello world from process 7 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 5 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
Hello world from process 2 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 0 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
Hello world from process 6 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 4 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
niessen@deepl:~/src/mpi> # several more runs
...
niessen@deepl:~/src/mpi>exit
exit
salloc: Relinquishing job allocation 955

```

Batch script

Given the following script `hello_cluster.sh`: (it has to be executable):

```

#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH --partition=sdv
#SBATCH -N 4
#SBATCH -n 8
#SBATCH -o /homec/zdvex/niessen/src/mpi/hello_cluster-%j.log
#SBATCH -e /homec/zdvex/niessen/src/mpi/hello_cluster-%j.err
#SBATCH --time=00:10:00

srun ./hello_cluster

```

This script requests 4 nodes with 8 tasks, specifies the stdout and stderr files, and asks for 10 minutes of walltime. Submit:

```

niessen@deepl:src/mpi > sbatch ./hello_cluster.sh
Submitted batch job 956

```

Check what it's doing:

```

niessen@deepl:src/mpi > squeue
      JOBID PARTITION   NAME     USER ST       TIME  NODES NODELIST(REASON)
      956      sdv hello_cl  niessen R         0:00     4 deeper-sdv[04-07]

```

Check the result:

```

niessen@deepl:src/mpi > cat hello_cluster-956.log
Hello world from process 5 of 8 on deeper-sdv06

```

```

Hello world from process 1 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
Hello world from process 7 of 8 on deeper-sdv07
Hello world from process 3 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 0 of 8 on deeper-sdv04
Hello world from process 2 of 8 on deeper-sdv05
Hello world from process 4 of 8 on deeper-sdv06
Hello world from process 6 of 8 on deeper-sdv07

```

Available Partitions

Please note that there is no default partition configured. In order to run a job, you have to specify one of the following partitions, using the `--partition=...` switch:

- `cluster`: The old DEEP cluster nodes `deep[001-128]`
- `sdv`: The DEEP-ER sdv nodes
- `kn1`: The DEEP-ER kn1 nodes (all of them, regardless of cpu and configuration)
- `kn1256`: the 256-core kn1s
- `kn1272`: the 272-core kn1s
- `snc4`: the kn1s configured in SNC-4 mode
- `knm`: The DEEP-ER knm nodes
- `extoll`: the sdv and kn1 nodes in the extoll fabric

Anytime, you can list the state of the partitions with the `sinfo` command. The properties of a partition can be seen using

```
scontrol show partition <partition>
```

Interactive Jobs

Batch Jobs

FAQ

Why's my job not running?

You can check the state of your job with

```
scontrol show job <job id>
```

In the output, look for the `Reason` field.

You can check the existing reservations using

```
scontrol show res
```

How can I check which jobs are running in the machine?

Please use the `squeue` command.

How do I do chain jobs with dependencies?

Please confer the `sbatch/srun` man page, especially the

```
-d, --dependency=<dependency_list>
```

entry.

How can get a list of broken nodes?

The command to use is

```
sinfo -Rl -h -o "%n %12U %19H %6t %E" | sort -u
```

See also the translation table below.

Can I still use the old DEEP Booster nodes?

Yes, please use

```
qsub -q booster ...
```

You cannot run a common job on both the old DEEP cluster and DEEP booster.

Can I join stderr and stdout like it was done with -joe in Torque?

Not directly. In your batch script, redirect stdout and stderr to the same file:

```
...
#SBATCH -o /point/to/the/common/logfile-%j.log
#SBATCH -e /point/to/the/common/logfile-%j.log
...
```

(The %j will place the job id in the output file). N.B. It might be more efficient to redirect the output of your script's commands to a dedicated file.

What's the equivalent of qsub -l nodes=x:ppn=y:cluster+n_b:ppn=p_b:booster?

Mixing nodes from different partitions will appear in version 17.11 of slurm. As a workaround, you can explicitly request nodes:

```
srunk/sbatch --partition=extoll -w cluster1,...,clusterx,booster1,...,boostern_b -n ...
```

pbs/slurm dictionary

PBS command	closest slurm equivalent
qsub	sbatch
qsub -l	salloc + srun --pty bash -i
qsub into an existing reservation	... --reservation= <reservation> ...
pbsnodes	scontrol show node
pbsnodes (-ln)	sinfo (-R) or sinfo -Rl -h -o "%n %12U %19H %6t %E" sort -u
pbsnodes -c -N n <node>	scontrol update ReservationName? = <node> State=RESUME
pbsnodes -o <node>	scontrol update ReservationName? = <node> State=DRAIN reason="some comment here"
pbstop	smap
qstat	squeue
checkjob <job>	scontrol show job <job>
checkjob -v <job>	scontrol show -d job <job>
showres	scontrol show res
setres	scontrol create reservation ReservationName? = <reservation> user=partec Nodes=j3c!053-056 StartTime? =now duration=Unlimited Flags=IGNORE_JOBS
setres -u <user> ALL	scontrol create reservation ReservationName? =\<some name> user=\<user> Nodes=ALL startTime=now duration=unlimited FLAGS=maint,ignore_jobs
releaseres	scontrol delete ReservationName? = <reservation>